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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/772,011	02/04/2004	Stanford R. Ovshinsky	FC-120.3	4071
24963	7590 08/17/2006		EXAMINER	
	CONVERSION DEVICES RVIEW DRIVE	MARTIN, ANGELA J		
	HILLS, MI 48309		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	·		1745	
			DATE MAILED: 08/17/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/772,011	OVSHINSKY ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Angela J. Martin	1745			
Period fo		lears on the cover sheet with the (correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Diperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we use to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 June 2006</u> .					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	•					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) <u>6-27</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>6-27</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers	vn from consideration.				
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen	*(a)					
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Inform Pape	the of References Cited (PTO-892) the of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) the mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) the No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is responsive to the Amendment filed on June 8, 2006. The Applicant has amended claims 6, 7, 10, 14, 23-26; canceled claims 1-5; and added new claim 27. However, a new rejection is presented for the following reasons of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 27, 6, 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coughlin, U.S. Pat. No. 4,279,710, in view of Ovshinsky et al. U.S. Pat. Application Pub. 2004/0248005 A1.

Rejection of claims 27, 6, 7 drawn to a hybrid fuel cell.

Coughlin teaches a hybrid fuel cell comprising a fuel cell portion (col. 3, lines 65-67), an electrolytic cell portion (col. 2, lines 29-39), and an anode section (col. 2, lines 29-39), the anode section shared between fuel cell portion and electrolytic cell portion, the fuel cell portion and electrolytic cell portion operating alone (Fig. 1).

Ovshinsky et al., teach an anode active material including aluminum (abstract). It teaches 90-94 wt percent of anode active material and 3-9 wt percent of a binder. It teaches the anode comprises a hydrogen storage material. It teaches 0-94 wt percent of hydrogen storage material, 1-95 wt percent alloy, 3-9 wt percent binder, 2-5 wt percent conductive material (sect. 0024).

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Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to insert the teachings of Ovshinsky et al., into the teachings of Coughlin because Ovshinsky et al., teach another type of anode active material for the battery, depending on the battery choice for a particular electrical device.

3. Claims 8-12, 14-22, 25, 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coughlin, U.S. Pat. No. 4,279,710, in view of Ovshinsky et al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,447,942 B1

Rejection of claims 8-12, 14-22, 25, 26 drawn to a hybrid fuel cell.

Coughlin teaches a hybrid fuel cell as described above.

Ovshinsky et al., teach the conductive material comprises graphite (col. 14, lines 50-53). It teaches the hydrogen storage material comprises Misch metal alloys, zirconium alloys, titanium alloys (col. 8, lines 46-58). It teaches a cathode in electrical communication with the anode (col. 12, lines 25-36). It teaches the cathode comprises a carbon matrix with an active catalyst material catalytic toward the dissociation of molecular oxygen (col. 4, lines 15-18; col. 10, lines 29-35). It teaches the catalyst is cobalt, manganese, nickel (col. 10, lines 22-26). It teaches an oxygen evolution electrode, which is a positive electrode, distributed on a substrate (col. 10, lines 51-65). It teaches electrocatalytic material comprises a host matrix and modifier element (col. 5, lines 64-67). It teaches host matrix comprises at least one transition metal (col. 5, lines 64-67). It teaches modifier selected from Li, K, Al (col. 10, lines 19-26). It teaches the electrocatalytic material comprises Ti and Ru (col. 9, lines 36-55). It teaches oxygen evolution electrode comprises conductive material of copper, nickel (claim 15). It

teaches conductive material in form of mesh, grid, foam, expanded metal (claim 16). It teaches hydrogen storage unit stores hydrogen in liquid or metal hydride form (col. 12, lines 62-67). It teaches the oxygen storage unit stores oxygen in gaseous form (col. 11, lines 64-67).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to insert the teachings of Ovshinsky et al., into the teachings of Coughlin because Ovshinsky et al., teach the a fuel cell which utilizes electrodes which "contain no costly noble metals and operate at ambient temperatures." In addition, the hydrogen storage materials store hydrogen and have "excellent catalytic activity."

4. Claim 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coughlin, U.S. Pat. No. 4,279,710, in view of Menjak et al., U.S. Pat. Application Pub. 2003/0059664 A1.

Rejection of claim 13 drawn to a hybrid fuel cell.

Coughlin teaches a hybrid fuel cell as described above.

Menjak et al., teach the cathode comprises a peroxide decomposing material (sect. 0095).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to insert the teachings of Menjak et al., into the teachings of Coughlin because Menjak et al., give examples of cathode active material.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to above claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Shimamune, U.S. Pub. 2004/0247978 A1 teach a bipolar plate for a fuel cell and an electrolytic cell. Watanabe, JP 06-236765 teach a separator plate having anode and cathode reaction gas supply grooves, laminated between electrodes through an ion exchange membrane to form a fuel cell and an electrolytic cell.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angela J. Martin whose telephone number is 571-272-1288. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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